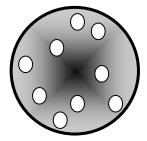
		Pd	Date:	
	Atom	s: Development of the	Atomic Theory	
<u>Demo</u>	<u>critus</u>			
-	460 BC - Greek philosopher proposes the	existence of the		
	He pounded materials until he materials	ade them into smaller a	nd smaller parts	
	He called them "atoma" which is	Greek for "		
Demo	critus's Theory:			
All ato	oms:			
-	Are,	particles	S	
-	Are made of a single material formed into	different	and	
•	Are always	, and they form differen	t materials by	
	·	•	·	
	<u>Dalton</u>			
•	1803 - British chemist Elements combine in		to form	
Dalton	1803 - British chemist Elements combine in		to form	
	1803 - British chemist Elements combine in			
	1803 - British chemist Elements combine in	r		
Dalton	1803 - British chemist Elements combine in	nnot be	,	
Dalton	1803 - British chemist Elements combine in	nnot be		, or

J.J. Thomson

- 1897 English chemist and physicist
- Discovered _____ ___

Thomson's Model:

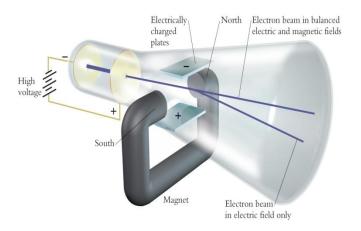


 	Model or
	Model

Thomson's Theory:

- Used ______ to conduct his experiments.
- Atoms contain negatively charged particles called ______ and positively charged matter.
- Created a model to describe the atom as a sphere filled with positive matter with negative particles mixed in.

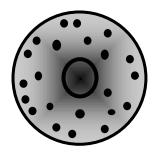
Cathode Ray Tube



Ernest Rutherford

- 1912 New Zealand physicist
- Discovered the

Rutherford's Model:



Model

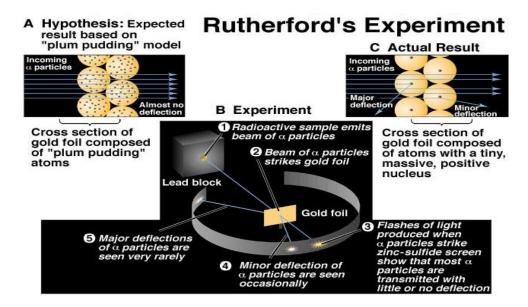
Rutherford's Theory:

- Used _____ for his research.
- Small, dense, positively charged particle present in _____ called a

____·

■ _____ travel around the _____, but their exact places cannot be described.

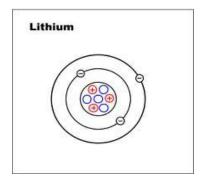
Gold Foil Experiment



Niel's Bohr

- 1913 Danish physicist
- Discovered _____

Bohr's Model:



_____ Model

Or

_____ Model

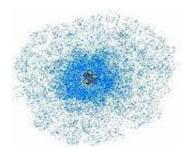


Bohr's Theory:

- travel around the nucleus in ______
- Electrons can ______ from one level to a path in another level.

Erwin Shrodinger

- 1924 Austrian physicist
- Developed the <u>electron cloud model</u>



Shrodinger's Theory:

- The exact path of electrons **cannot** be predicted.
- The region referred to as the electron cloud, is an area where electrons can likely be found.

Modern Theory of the Atom

Atoms are composed of three n	nain subatomic particles:		
A			
В			
C			
Most of the mass of the atom is	concentrated in the	of the atom.	
The	and	are located within the nucl	leus,
while the	exist outside of the	nucleus.	
In neutral atoms, the number of	protons is equal to the number of		
The type of atom is determined	by the number of	it has.	
The number of protons in an at	om is equal to the	number.	
The sum of the number of proto	ons and neutrons in a particular atom i	s called the	
	electrons are the outer	most electrons.	