

## Words to use for Questions 1-8

Hypothesis  
Research Question  
Pseudoscience  
Quantitative  
Qualitative  
Technology  
Inference  
Conclusion

- 1) A \_\_\_\_\_ observation is an observation that is a measurement.
- 2) \_\_\_\_\_ is fake science with no validity.
- 3) The \_\_\_\_\_ is what you want to answer by experimenting.
- 4) A testable educated guess is called a \_\_\_\_\_.
- 5) The \_\_\_\_\_, a judgment based on the results of an experiment, is written after the experiment is complete and the data has been analyzed.
- 6) A \_\_\_\_\_ observation is an observation that describes.
- 7) \_\_\_\_\_ is the application of the findings of science.
- 8) After making an observation, you may write an \_\_\_\_\_ that explains your observation.
- 9) The shelf is 4.50 feet long. This is a qualitative observation.
  - a) True
  - b) False
- 10) There are four students in the room. This is a quantitative observation.
  - a) True
  - b) False
- 11) The paper is long. This is a qualitative observation.
  - a) True
  - b) False
- 12) The dog is a great dane. This is a quantitative observation.
  - a) True
  - b) False

- 13) The block is yellow. This is a qualitative observation.
- a) True
  - b) False
- 14) Which of the following is used as a tool of science?
- a) Language Arts
  - b) Foreign Language
  - c) Mathematics
  - d) Social Studies
- 15) What did Galileo do that the men before him did not do?
- a) Have other scientists vote
  - b) Experiment
  - c) Argue
  - d) Conduct a survey
- 16) Which scientist stated "No number of experiments can prove me right; a single experiment can prove me wrong."
- a) Aristotle
  - b) Copernicus
  - c) Galileo
  - d) Einstein
- 17) A scientific hypothesis must
- a) Be phrased "It is hypothesized that . . ."
  - b) Be testable
  - c) Be correct
  - d) Be phrased as an "If...Then" statement
  - e) Both a and b
  - f) Both b and d
- 18) Which of the following is true of technology?
- a) Technology is a way to apply scientific findings.
  - b) Technology is the same thing as science.
  - c) Science has no benefit to science because it often is unreliable.

- 19) \_\_\_\_\_ Facts and well tested hypotheses that explain phenomena
- 20) \_\_\_\_\_ A phenomena about which competent observers can agree
- 21) \_\_\_\_\_ Organized common sense and findings by humans about nature
- 22) \_\_\_\_\_ These are the things that must be kept the same in an experiment
- 23) \_\_\_\_\_ A way to organize, investigate, and apply knowledge.
- 24) \_\_\_\_\_ The 2 names for the thing you measure as a result of the change in an experiment.
- 25) \_\_\_\_\_ Hypotheses that have been tested and not found to be false; principle
- 26) \_\_\_\_\_ The 2 names for the thing you are changing in an experiment.
- a) theory  
b) scientific fact  
c) science  
d) controlled variables  
e) scientific method  
f) responding or dependent variable  
g) law  
h) manipulated or independent variable

A study is done to determine if the amount of water a plant receives affects the height of the plant.

Determine which part of the experimental design each of the following represents.

Answers may be used more than once.

Answer Choices:

Manipulated Variable

Responding Variable

Controlled Variable

Research Question

Operational Definition of the Independent Variable

Operational Definition of the Dependent Variable

27) The soil the plants are grown in is a \_\_\_\_\_.

28) The amount of water will be measured in milliliters using a graduated cylinder is the \_\_\_\_\_.

29) The amount of time between height measurements is a \_\_\_\_\_.

30) The height of the plant is the \_\_\_\_\_.

31) The type of plant used is a \_\_\_\_\_.

32) The height of the plant will be measured in millimeters using a ruler is the \_\_\_\_\_.

33) The amount of water the plant receives is the \_\_\_\_\_.

34) The amount of sunlight the plant receives is a \_\_\_\_\_.

35) How does the amount of water a plant receives affect the height of the plant is the \_\_\_\_\_.

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- 1) A **[quantitative]** observation is an observation that is a measurement.
- 2) **[pseudoscience]** is fake science with no validity.
- 3) The **[research question]** is what you want to answer by experimenting.
- 4) A testable educated guess is called a **[hypothesis]**.
- 5) The **[conclusion]**, a judgment based on the results of an experiment, is written after the experiment is complete and the data has been analyzed.
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- 7) **[technology]** is the application of the findings of science.
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f) **Both b and d**
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b) Technology is the same thing as science.  
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- 19) a Facts and well tested hypotheses that explain phenomena
- 20) b A phenomena about which competent observers can agree
- 21) c Organized common sense and findings by humans about nature
- 22) d These are the things that must be kept the same in an experiment
- 23) e A way to organize, investigate, and apply knowledge.
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Operational Definition of the Independent Variable

Operational Definition of the Dependent Variable

- 27) The soil the plants are grown in is a controlled variable.
- 28) The amount of water will be measured in milliliters using a graduated cylinder is the operational definition of the independent variable.
- 29) The amount of time between height measurements is a controlled variable.
- 30) The height of the plant is the responding variable.
- 31) The type of plant used is a controlled variable.
- 32) The height of the plant will be measured in millimeters using a ruler is the operational definition of the dependent variable.
- 33) The amount of water the plant receives is the manipulated variable.
- 34) The amount of sunlight the plant receives is a controlled variable.
- 35) How does the amount of water a plant receives affect the height of the plant is the research question.